

MIGRATION PROFILES

Part I. Global legal instruments related to international migration

States parties to United Nations legal instruments

Year ratified:

United Arab Emirates

Year ratified:		Year ratified	:
-	1949 ILO Migration for Employment Convention	1997	1989 Conv. on the Rights of the Child
-	1951 Refugee Convention	-	1990 UN Migrant Workers Convention
-	1967 Refugee Protocol	2009	2000 Human Trafficking Protocol
-	1975 ILO Migrant Workers Convention	-	2000 Migrant Smuggling Protocol
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Part II. Population indicators

Population estimates

	1990	2000	2010	2013
Males ('000)	1 185	2 042	5 960	6 549
Females ('000)	622	984	2 482	2 797
Total ('000)	1 806	3 026	8 442	9 346
Percentage urban population	79	80	84	85
Percentage rural population	21	20	16	15

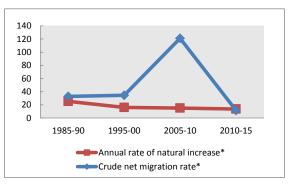
	1985-90	1995-00	2005-10	2010-15
Average annual rate of change	5.87	5.09	14.21	2.52
Annual rate of natural increase*	25.34	16.05	15.26	13.80
Crude net migration rate*	32.91	34.58	121.11	11.41
Total net migration ('000)	260	464	3812	514
* Per 1,000 population				

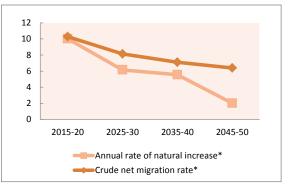
Projected change in total population by component (x 1000)

	2015-20	2025-30	2035-40	2045-50
Total population at end of period	10 602	12 330	14 064	15 479
Population change during period	1024	851	863	637
Annual rate of natural increase*	10.02	6.16	5.56	2.01
Crude net migration rate*	10.29	8.14	7.11	6.39
* Per 1,000 population				

Projected change in working-age (15-64) population (x 1000)

	2015-20	2025-30	2035-40	2045-50
Medium variant	750	983	76	-841
Zero-migration variant	219	388	-670	-1398
Difference	531	596	746	558





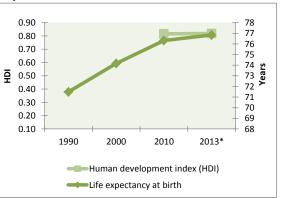
Part III. Development indicators

Development indicators (years are approximate for some indicators / countries)

	1990	2000	2010	2013*
Life expectancy at birth	71.5	74.2	76.3	76.8
Adult literacy rate (ages 15 and older)	71.2		90.0	
Combined gross enrolment ratio in				
education (per cent)	65.9			
GDP per capita (PPP in thousands of US				
dollars)	53 148	61 426	40 488	42 080
Human development index (HDI)			0.82	0.82
* 2013 or latest available				

Remittances (years are approximate for some indicators / countries)

	1990	2000	2010	2012*
Inflows (millions of US dollars)				
Outflows (millions of US dollars)				
Inflows as a share of GDP (%)				
* Estimate				





United Arab Emirates

Part IV. International migrant stocks

International migrant stock by age and sex

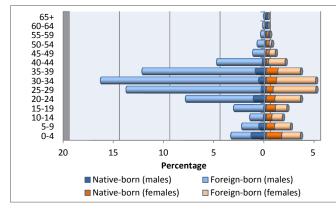
		1990	
_	Male	Female	Total
0-4	45 302	42 216	87 518
5-9	47 484	43 150	90 634
10-14	40 806	36 064	76 870
15-19	53 517	37 612	91 129
20-24	86 744	42 173	128 917
25-29	125 203	42 689	167 892
30-34	162 291	47 076	209 367
35-39	145 868	36 090	181 958
40-44	105 795	22 314	128 109
45-49	67 456	12 317	79 773
50-54	31 021	5 569	36 590
55-59	13 036	2 976	16 012
60-64	4 092	1 751	5 843
65+	3 431	2 531	5 962
Total	932 046	374 528	1 306 574

	2000	
Male	Female	Total
84 315	74 770	159 085
86 304	74 677	160 981
86 081	72 487	158 568
93 454	62 866	156 320
159 643	74 695	234 338
272 087	89 608	361 695
289 840	90 734	380 574
266 830	63 922	330 752
208 987	42 719	251 706
116 789	20 682	137 471
56 646	9 866	66 512
22 292	4 930	27 222
7 520	3 101	10 621
6 356	4 474	10 830
1 757 144	689 531	2 446 675

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	2013	
Male	Female	Total
188 145	173 424	361 569
159 243	146 783	306 026
125 831	98 185	224 016
280 851	105 411	386 262
630 036	236 470	866 506
1 255 099	395 961	1 651 060
1 469 475	363 870	1 833 345
1 051 600	208 387	1 259 987
425 569	153 145	578 714
122 727	56 240	178 967
76 427	21 969	98 396
41 917	7 716	49 633
16 303	5 433	21 736
6 957	3 807	10 764
5 850 180	1 976 801	7 826 981

Total population by age and sex, 2013



Migrant stock by origin (2013)

Top 5 countries or areas of origin	Total
India	2 852 207
Bangladesh	1 089 917
Pakistan	953 708
Egypt	711 894
Philippines	477 139
Total	6 084 865

Refugee population by origin (end 2012)

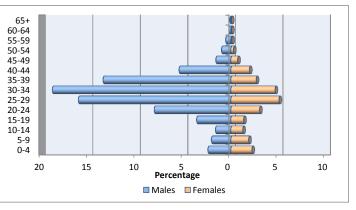
Top 5 countries or areas of origin	Total

Total

Tertiary students by origin (2013)

Top 5 countries or areas of origin	Total
Oman	5 228
Jordan	3 774
State of Palestine	3 730
Syrian Arab Republic	2 910
Egypt	2 244
Total	17 886

Migrant stock by age and sex, 2013



Migrant stock by destination (2013)

Top 5 countries or areas of destination	Total
Kuwait	23 268
Qatar	18 370
India	12 209
Canada	12 079
State of Palestine	10 931
Total	76 857

Refugee population by destination (end 2012)

Top 5 countries or areas of destination	Total
-	

Total

Tertiary students by destination (2013)

Top 5 countries or areas of destination	Total
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	2 995
United States of America	1 835
Australia	1 313
France	536
India	490
Total	7 169



DEFINITIONS AND SOURCES

States parties to United Nations legal instruments : Indicates whether a country has ratified the relevant international instrument and if so, the year of ratification. The relevant instruments are the 1951 Convention relating to the Status of Refugees; the 1967 Protocol relating to the Status of Refugees, and the 1990 International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of their Families. In addition, two Protocols relevant to international migration supplement the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime, namely the 2000 Protocol to Prevent, Suppress and Punish Trafficking in Persons, Especially Women and Children and the 2000 Protocol against the Smuggling of Migrants by Land, Sea and Air. *Source* : United Nations Treaty Collection. See: http://treaties.un.org.

Males: De facto male population as of 1 July of the year indicated. Data are presented in thousands. *Source:* United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013). World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision.

Females: De facto female population as of 1 July of the year indicated. Data are presented in thousands. *Source:* United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013). World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision.

Total population: De facto population in a country, area or region as of 1 July of the year indicated. Figures are presented in thousands. *Source:* United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013). World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision.

Percentage urban population: Urban population as a percentage of the total population. *Source:* United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2012). World Urbanization Prospects: The 2011 Revision.

Percentage rural population: Rural population as a percentage of the total population. *Source:* United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2012). World Urbanization Prospects: The 2011 Revision.

Annual rate of change: Average exponential rate of growth of the population over a given period. It is expressed as a percentage. *Source:* United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013). World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision.

Annual rate of natural increase: Crude birth rate minus the crude death rate. Represents the portion of population growth (or decline) determined exclusively by births and deaths. *Source:* United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013). World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision.

Crude net migration rate: The ratio of net migration during the year to the average population in that year. The value is expressed per 1 000 inhabitants. *Source:* United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013). World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision.

Total net migration: Net number of migrants, that is, the number of immigrants minus the number of emigrants. It is expressed in thousands. *Source:* United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013) World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision.

Total population at end of period: Total population on 30 June of the final year of the period. Data are from the medium variant (see below) of the World Population Prospects. *Source:* United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013). World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision.

Population change during period: Total population change over a period, that is, the difference between the population at the end of the period and that at the beginning of the period. *Source:* United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013). World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision.

Medium variant: The medium projection variant combines the medium fertility assumption together with normal-mortality and normal international migration assumptions and is a central reference for trends over the longer term that results from the probabilistic approach that simulates future fertility paths for each country. *Source:* United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013). World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision.

Zero-migration variant: Under this assumption, the medium variant is modified so that international migration for each country is set to zero starting in 2010-2015. *Source:* United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013). World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision.

Life expectancy at birth: Number of years a newborn infant could expect to live if prevailing patterns of age-specific mortality rates at the time of birth stay the same throughout the infant's life. *Source:* United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013). World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision.

Adult literacy rate: The percentage of population aged 15 years and older who can both read and write with understanding a short simple statement on his/her everyday life. Generally, 'literacy' also encompasses 'numeracy', the ability to make simple arithmetic calculations. *Source:* United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization. Institute for Statistics (2012). http://stats.uis.unesco.org

Combined gross enrolment ratio in education: Total enrolment in a specific level of education, regardless of age, expressed as a percentage of the eligible official school-age population corresponding to the same level of education in a given school year. For the tertiary level, the population used is that of the five-year age group following on from the secondary school leaving. *Source:* United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization. Institute for Statistics (2012). http://stats.uis.unesco.org

GDP per capita (PPP in USD): Gross domestic product converted to international dollars using purchasing power parity rates. An international dollar has the same purchasing power over GDP as the U.S. dollar has in the United States. GDP at purchaser's prices is the sum of gross value added by all resident producers in the economy plus any product taxes and minus any subsidies not included in the value of the products. It is calculated without making deductions for depreciation of fabricated assets or for depletion and degradation of natural resources. Data are in current international dollars. *Source:* World Development Indicators - World Bank (2013).



Human development index (HDI): A composite measure of achievements in three basic dimensions of human development—a long and healthy life, access to education and a decent standard of living. For ease of comparability, the average value of achievements in these three dimensions is put on a scale of 0 to 1, where greater is better, and these indicators are aggregated using geometric means. *Source:* United Nations Development Program (2013). Human Development Report Office.

Remittances: Remittances are defined as the sum of workers' remittances, compensation of employees, and migrants' transfers. Regional aggregates were calculated by the United Nations Population Division. All data are reported in current U.S. dollars. Remittance *inflows* refer to the sum of workers' remittances, compensation of employees and migrants' transfers received by the country of enumeration, while *outflows* refer to remittance outflows by the country of enumeration. *Source:* World Bank staff calculation based on data from IMF Balance of Payments Statistics Yearbook 2012 and data releases from central banks, national statistical agencies, and World Bank country desks.

Remittance inflows as share of GDP: Source: World Bank staff calculation based on data from IMF Balance of Payments Statistics Yearbook 2012 and data releases from central banks, national statistical agencies, and World Bank country desks.

International migrant stock by age and sex: The mid-year (1 July) estimate of the number of people living in a country or area other than that in which they were born. If the number of foreign-born was not available, the estimate refers to the number of people living in a country other than that of their citizenship. *Source*: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013). Trends in International Migrant Stock: The 2013 Revision (United Nations database, POP/DB/MIG/Stock/Rev.2013). See: www.unmigration.org

Migrant stock by origin (2013): The five countries from which the largest numbers of migrants originate for the reporting country. *Source:* United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013). Trends in International Migrant Stock: The 2013 Revision (United Nations database, POP/DB/MIG/Stock/Rev.2013).

Migrant stock by destination (2013): The five countries in which the largest numbers of migrants originating from reporting country reside. *Source:* United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2013). Trends in International Migrant Stock: The 2013 Revision (United Nations database, POP/DB/MIG/Stock/Rev.2013).

Refugee population by origin (end 2012): Persons by country of origin who are recognized as refugees under the 1951 Convention relating to the Status of Refugees and its 1967 Protocol or under the 1969 Organization of African Unity Convention Governing the Specific Aspects of Refugee Problems in Africa ; those granted refugee status in accordance with the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) Statute; those granted humanitarian status or temporary protection by the State in which they find themselves; those in refugee-like situations; and Palestinian refugees registered with UNRWA. Source : UNHCR (2013). 2012 Global Trends: Refugees, Asylum-seekers, Returnees, Internally Displaced and Stateless Persons. See: www.unhcr.org/statistics.

Refugee population (destination) (end 2012): Persons by country of destination who are recognized as refugees under the 1951 Convention relating to the Status of Refugees and its 1967 Protocol or under the 1969 Organization of African Unity Convention Governing the Specific Aspects of Refugee Problems in Africa ; those granted refugee status in accordance with the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) Statute; those granted humanitarian status or temporary protection by the State in which they find themselves; those in refugee-like situations; and Palestinian refugees registered with UNRWA. Sources : UNHCR (2013). 2012 Global Trends: Refugees, Asylum-seekers, Returnees, Internally Displaced and Stateless Persons. See: www.unhcr.org/statistics.

Tertiary students: Student population by **country of origin and destination** enrolled in programmes with an educational content more advanced than what is offered at ISCED levels 3 and 4. The first stage of tertiary education, ISCED level 5, covers level 5A, composed of largely theoretically based programmes intended to provide sufficient qualifications for gaining entry to advanced research programmes and professions with high skill requirements; and level 5B, where programmes are generally more practical, technical and/or occupationally specific. The second stage of tertiary education, ISCED level 6, comprises programmes devoted to advanced study and original research, and leading to the award of an advanced research qualification. *Source:* United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization. Institute for Statistics (2012). http://stats.uis.unesco.org